



System 765579900



advantage over original system

Generator/electronic ignition for Adler M/MB 200/250 and Favorit/Sprinter/Cross

- Magnet based generator with integrated fully electronic ignition. Output at 12V/180W DC. Solid state high energy condenser discharge ignition (CDI) with own power supply from within the system.

- Replaces stock 6 Volt Dynamo Bosch LB/ZJ22 E45 or E60, points, centrifugal governor and ignition coils. Installs into engine without need for change there. You may drive without a battery, if you want, but take note of our respective information. The system uses an electronic CDI twin coil.



- all parts are new
- more light output
- very stable ignition with solid spark
- better starting, better fuel burning
- no wear anymore on points
- no huzzle anymore to time both cylinders correctly to each other (as long as crankshaft is correct)





Assembly instructions for system 765579900	17.5.2024		
 If you can install and time a stock ignition and possess basic mechanical install a VAPE! If you never have worked on your ignition, better have it do who knows. 	ne by someone		
- VAPE can not monitor the compliance to those instructions, nor the conditions installation, operation, usage and maintenance of the system. Improper installati damage to property and possibly even bodily injury. Therefore we assume no re- damage or cost which result from, or are in any way related to, incorrect installat operation, or incorrect use and maintenance. We reserve the right to make chan technical data or assembly and operating instructions without prior notice	on may result in sponsibility for loss, ion, improper		
IMPORTANT			
- Please read these instructions fully and carefully before starting work on Please bear in mind that any modification of the material as well as own repair a not been agreed with VAPE may result in a loss of warranty. Do not cut off wires loss of reverse polarity protection and often results in damage to electronics. Als of the information provided on the information page for this system. Check that w bought really corresponds to the motorcycle you have. Wrong ignition settings m engine and even hurt you during kickstart (violent kickbacks). Be careful during t needed change settings to safer values (less advance). During assembly check rotor (flywheel) does not touch the stator coils or anything else, which may happer circumstances and lead to severe damage.	ttempts which have s. This leads to a o, please take note what you have hay damage your he first test runs. If carefully that the		
Designated use - This system is designated to replace stock dynamo/alternator & ignition system classic motorcycles whose engine characteristics have not been modified af system is not a tuning system and it will not bring significant increases in engine however significantly enhance roadworthiness and comfort by offering better ligh of side indicators and horn and, compared with the aging stock systems, increase our system does not tamper with engine characteristics it does not increase emis pollutants and noise. In most cases emission of pollutants should even be reduce combustion. If used as designated the system therefore will not normally infringer status of the motorcycle. (Please check your local legal regulations!) This system use in competition events. If used other than the designated way, your warranty it might well be that you do not obtain the desired results or, worst you loose legal	itermarket . This output. It does nting, better function sed reliability. As ssion of gaseous ed due to better the existing legal in is not suitable for will be voided and al roadworthiness.		
- VAPE guarantees homologated products marked with the "E" mark in the ring (E8 specifically for the Czech Republic), thereby ensuring a consistent conformity of the product properties with the relevant ECE homologation regulations (especially ECE R10.05). Inspection is regularly carried out by the competent authority.			
- The charging system is only suitable for use with rechargable 12V (6V sys acid batteries with liquide electrolyte or sealed lead-acid batteries, AGM, Gel. It use with nickel-cadmium, nickel-metal-hydride, lithium-ion or any other types of r rechargable batteries.	t is not suitable for recharchable or non		
 This is a replacement system and not a copy of the stock material. The part therefore look different and might fit differently (notably ignition coil and regulator adaptation by you. 			
During assembly imperatively start with assy of engine based parts to see before you start fitting the external parts. In many cases customers assemble the thereby often modify them in breach of warranty which renders them unfit for ren Replacing old ignition systems is not a matter of taking something from a supern there have been very many types, versions and possibly unknown aftermarket m harbour plenty of room for error.	ose first and newed sale. narket shelf as		
- Our systems are NOT tested for use with third party electronic devices (su mobile phones, LED lighting etc) and may cause damage to such parts. Po electronic tachometers will not work with the new system. Possibly existing safet electronic valve controls are not supported. It might be that your motorcycle was with an ignition that did limit top speed for legal reasons. The new system does r facility, so check your legal situation beforehand.	ssibly existing ty switches and originally equipped		



- If you have no expertise for the installation have it done by an expert or at a specialist's workshop. Improper installation may damage the new system and your motorcycle, possibly even lead to bodily harm.

- Before you order a system, please check whether a puller tool for the new rotor is included in the kit. If not, better order it at the same time. Never use anything other than the recommended puller tool to pull the new rotor again. Damage to the rotor as a result of use of other tools or methods is not covered by your warranty.

- The rotor is sensible to blows (including during transport). Before assembly, please always check for damage (on rotor without magnet plastification try to push the magnets aside with your fingers). After impact the glued in magnets might have broken loose, sticking to the rotor solely by magnetic force, so that one does not notice right away. During engine run the damage would be considerable. Before placing the rotor onto the engine, please make sure that its magnets have not collected any metal objects such as small screws, nuts and washers. That equally would lead to severe damage.

- If you have access to the Internet, best view those instructions online. You get larger and better pictures by clicking onto them and possibly updated information. System list at *http://www.powerdynamo.biz*



You should have received those parts

- rotor
- stator premounted on base plate
- ignition coil
- regulator
- relay with wires
- ignition cable
- screws and bits

- **Please pay attention:** The stator is not screwed tight on the base plate. You have to remove the stator for mounting the base plate on the crank case.

- To disengage your new rotor again, you will need a puller M27x1,25 (part 99 99 799 00 -Not provided!-).

- Note: Never use a claw puller, a hammer or any other device, that will shake the magnets off.

- Make sure your bike rests securely on her stand, preferably on an elevated work bench and that you have good access to the generator side of the engine.

- Disconnect your battery and take it out of the motorcycle. Note, that should you be installing a 12 volt system, you will either need a 12 volt battery or you use the option of driving without. You will still have to replace all lightbulbs to 12 volt ones however in that case too. The horn may stay at 6 volts (it will sounds like the trombones of Jericho!). For driving without battery, please observe our information on driving without battery.







- Disconnect the cables from your old generator and remove it. Unscrew the old stator and take it off the engine. Pull the rotor off, you will need a puller screw for this. Take the woodruff key from the crank. You will not need it any more. Please do not forget to do so, otherwise you will have trouble later on the assembly. (Remark: This woodruff key does not actually hold your rotor on the shaft, this is done by the cone. It simply guides to the correct setting which will now be otherwise achieved.)



- Place the preassembled base plate (with the stator) at the engine housing. Screw it tight with the 3 M6 screws and washers. The big black coil should show approximately at one o'clock. You should set the screws in the center of mounting holes, so you have the possibility for correction.

- Extract now the cables from your old ignition system (red, green and yellow). The blue one continues.

- (Picture shows old system with external pick up!)



- Have a look at the new rotor. You will find on its circumference a lasered on line. This is a timing marking.

- The rotor lacks 2 magnets. This is not a mistake, but made by design to enable impulse triggering.



- Have a look at the base plate. You find there some marking. This is also an ignition marking. At the moment of ignition both markings align as shown here in the picture.

- Remove the spark plugs. Place the rotor loosely onto the crank and check that it may move freely above the statorbase.

- Bring the piston into ignition position. Might be 2-2.5 mm BTDC.

- Put the new rotor handtight on the crank shaft for turning the shaft.to snap in rather sharply. If it sets soft, you have probably squeezed a wire underneath!







- Take the rotor carefully off again without changing the crank's position. Reset it onto the crank in such a way that the marking are in line (reverse clockwise). If there is any change in the crank's position, you have to start again. In that position fasten the rotor carefully with the M8x30 nut (Please don't forget to use the washer).

- Fasten the regulator/rectifier unit, the relay and the ignition coil on a convenient place.



- Fasten the new electronic double ignition coil on a convenient place, maybe on the frame under the tank. A clamp is in the standard accessory.





Connect the parts as shown in the respective wiring diagram!

- For our standard DC regulator (95 22 699 06), use the wiring diagram 72ir12. - For our DC regulator with built in smooting condenser (73 00 799 50), use additional the wiring diagram reg 102

- To facilitate wire exit through the often small openings in the engine casing, the plastic plug of the generator's wiring that leads to the ignition coil have not been put onto the wire terminal. You should place the plug there only once all has been properly installed on the engine side.



- Look for the ignition coil with its female plug and the two wires (red and white).

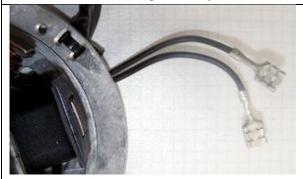
- Put the provided 2-position plug housing onto this plug and insert the two wires (red and white) from the generator. Make sure that the terminals engage securely in the housing and that you connect:

- white to white
- red to red

- Should you need (or want) to get the terminals out of the plug housing again, enter a paper clip from front next to the terminals and push the little barb aside. Than pull the wire out.

- The brown wire from the new generator with the round eye terminal have to be screwed to the holder frame of the ignition coil (ground). This connection is very important. Please don't depend on the frame as the earth-connection. Varnish, oil and dirt prevent often a good contact!

Connecting Powerdynamo alternator to lighting circuit (via regulator):

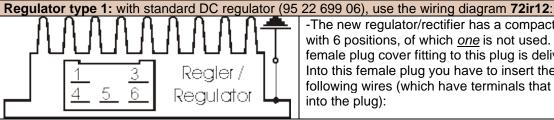


- The 2 black wires running from the stator coil carry the voltage for lights, horn, flashers etc. They have nothing to do with ignition.

- This voltage (something between 10 and 50 volts AC) has however to be stabilized (regulated) and for most uses rectified into direct current (DC) as it primarily is alternating current (AC).

- For this we offer 2 different regulators:

Attention: Any confusion between plus and minus (with the DC versions) leads to immediate destruction of the regulator. This will not constitute a warranty case as it is negligence! One can recognize a burnt regulator mostly by its sharp smell.



-The new regulator/rectifier has a compact plug with 6 positions, of which one is not used. A female plug cover fitting to this plug is delivered. Into this female plug you have to insert the following wires (which have terminals that snap into the plug):





The two black cables leading from the	connect to pins 1/4 of the new regulator (from
generator	there equally black wires lead inside the unit). It does not matter which wire connects to which of
	the both terminals (1/4) as they carry alternating
	current.
The new brown cable with the round eye	connects pin 3 of the regulator unit (from there
terminal.	equally a brown wire goes inside the unit) with the
	negative pole of the battery or (in case you drive
	without battery) to ground (chassis).
The new red cable with the round eye terminal	connects to pin 5 of the new regulator (from
	there equally a red wire goes inside the unit).
T . I	This wire is a major integration point between the old and the new system. Here your regulated
Take care:	positive voltage comes out to connect to battery
Wrong polarity will damage the electronics!	plus, or (in case you drive without battery) to the
	voltage input terminal of the main switch (ignition
	lock, German bikes: pin 51/30).
Make sure that you have a 16A-fuse between b	attery and vehicle circuitry.
The green/red wire at pin 6 of the new	is for the charge control light. You connect
regulator	there the wire that formerly did run from the
	control light to the original regulator.
	- Sure that this control only functions with a
	battery present. Should you drive without battery
	but still connect the wire, you will see that the light glows even as the generator generates voltage.
	So without battery, do not connect it.
- The charge light control function is based on a	transistor switch and is an additional function. Even
	working condition. Simple check: have the engine
running, turn lights on, disconnect the battery. If	you have bright lights the unit is ok.
	smooting condenser (73 00 799 50), use additional
the wiring diagram reg_102:	
FT E SW	
sw	- the 2 block (cu) wires are the AC input from
	 the 2 black (sw) wires are the AC input from the alternator (as it is AC it does not matter
ort	which black to which black)
	 the red (rt) wire is the 12V DC output plus
	 the brown (br) wire is gound, internally
	connected to housing
, br	
↓	
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E8



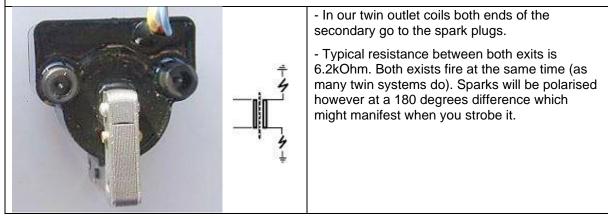


- Remains the blue (sometimes	 Switch off via separate kill switch
blue/white) wire at the ignition coil. This is	(when driving without battery):
the kill (cut-off) wire.	The relay will not be fitted. The blue(/white) cable of the
- Connected to ground - it will stop ignition! <u>Note:</u>	ignition coil will be connected to a kill switch, closing against ground (a button at the handlebars). Or you mount an ignition lock that has a facility to connect against ground when in OFF position.
- Should you experience ignition failures, disconnect as a first measure this blue wire. In many cases that will permit you to get mobile again	- <u>Battery method:</u> Connect the brown relay wire to good ground. Lead the longer black wire from the relay to the wire that did run previously to a pin carrying voltage when the switch is on (in German bikes: pin 15) and connect it there. Connect the blue wire from pin 30 of the relay to the blue(/white) wire at the new ignition coil. Should your battery fail on the road, just disconnect that blue wire and your bike will run again (it will now only not stop by switching off).

Relay wiring (if used):	 The brown wire with the ring terminal from pins 87a und 86 goes to ground. The black wire from pin 85 goes to a main switch terminal carrying voltage if switched on.
Screw the high tension (ignition) cable	into the ignition coil and pull over the rubber seal before mounting the coil (it will be easier).
- Please do not use any spark amplifying cables, such as "Nology supercables" or "hot wire". This will disturb the system and possibly damage it.	- Please do use the cable arriving with the pack and not any old cable.

- You will do yourself a favour to treat your bike to new spark plugs and spark plug sockets (preferably some between 0-2kOhm). Plenty of problems are to be traced back to "apparently good" (even completely "brand-new") sparks plugs, terminals and cables.

<u>- Do not use</u> spark plugs with an intern suppression resistor. NGK (e.g.) offered such spark plugs coded with an "R" (for resistor).







- Ignition will only work correctly if both plug terminals are connected. You may not test one side with the other open (not sitting on the mounted spark plug). This is because (effectively) each exit uses ground from the other. That means also that both plugs are working in serial, adding resistances, so better use low resistance spark plug (resistor) sockets and make sure they are good. If in doubt, measure resistance on a **hot** socket (warm it up before measuring).

- Is the flow from ground of one side via spark plug there, via coil, to the other spark plug and its ground interrupted you get no spark - on neither side. If you really want to test only one side, put the HT wire of the other to ground (earth it) than it will work. Sometimes a coil deprived of its ground from the other side searches for a substitute - with some solid fireworks around it to the chassis.

- Finally - **and before installing the battery and before the first kickstart** - please re-check carefully all connections and fitments against the wiring diagram. Do check battery and light bulbs for correct voltage (12V).

- Should something not work, please consult our trouble-shooting guide on our homepage. As a first step disconnect the blue wire from the coil and re-test.

- **IMPORTANT:** During **crank shaft repair** the dynamo shaft is often machined and gets shorter. The result is a rotor sitting lower, possibly touching now with its rivets the stator coil. The result is a destroyed stator and ignition failure.

Important safety and operating information

- Safety first! Please observe the general health and safety regulations motor vehicle repair (MVR) as well as the safety information and obligations indicated by the manufacturer of your motorcycle. The timing marks on the material are for general guidance only during first installation. Please check after assembly by suitable means (stroboscope) that settings are correct to prevent damage to the engine or possibly even your health. You alone are responsible for the installation and the correctness of settings.

- Ignition systems generate high tension! With our material right up to 40,000 Volts! This may, if handled carelessly, not only be painful, but outrightly <u>dangerous</u>. Please do keep a safe distance to the electrode of your spark plug and open high tension cables. Should you need to test spark firing, hold the spark plug socket securely with some well insulating material and push it firmly to solid ground of the engine block.

Never pull sparkplug caps when engine is running. Wash your vehicle only with engine at standstill and ignition off.

- You should have received the HT Cable with the fixed rubber cap (which does not contain a resistor) as a part of the kit, you should have to use a spark plug with an inbuilt resistor (or replace the cap with the one containing a resistor) to comply with your local laws (Electromagnetic compatibility requirements).

- Do not use a spark plug cap(s) containing a resistor **WITH** a spark plug(s) containing a resistor at the same time. It would cause problems, especially difficult engine starting. The total resistance of cap and spark plug combined should not exceed 5kOhm.

- Remember that candle plugs age, increasing resistance. If an engine only starts when it is cold, it is very likely that a defective spark plug connector or faulty spark plug is the cause. Do not use so-called ignition-reinforcing cables (e.g. Nology).

- After installation, please <u>check tightness of all screws</u>, even those preinstalled. If parts get loose during run, there will be inevitably damage to the material. We pre-assemble screws only loosely.



- Give the newly installed system a chance to work, before you start to check and test values, or what is worse apply changes to it. Our parts have been checked before delivery to you. You will not be able to check much anyway. At any rate do refrain from measuring the electronic components (such as ignition coil, regulator and advance unit). You risk severe damage to the inner electronics there. You will not get any tangible results from the operation anyway. Bear in mind that also your carburetor, your spark plugs and spark plug sockets (even if completely new) might be the reason for malfunction. The general experience with our systems is that the carburetor will have to be readjusted to lower settings. Should the system not start after assembly, first disconnect the blue (or blue/white) cut-off wire directly at the ignition coil (or in some cases advance unit) to eliminate any malfunction in the cut-off circuitry. Check ground connections carefully, make sure there is a good electrical connection between frame and engine block. In case of troubles, please consult our Knowledge Base first before you send off the material to us for checking. - The spark of classic, points based ignition systems has with about 10,000 Volts comparatively little energy and looks therefore yellow and fat (which however makes it highly visible). The spark from our system is a high energy spark with up to 40,000 Volts and therefore is needle thin focused in form, and blue in colour, which makes it not so visible. Furthermore you get spark only at kickstart operated speeds and not by pushing the kick-lever down slowly with your hand (as you might get with battery based ignitions). - Systems using a twin outlet ignition coils have a few peculiarities. Please observe that during tests on one side, the other has either to be connected to an fitted spark plug or securely earthed/grounded. Otherwise there will be no spark on either side. Also with such open exits long and dangerous sparks may fly all over the coil. - Never do electric arc welding on the bike without completely disconnecting all parts containing semiconductors (ignition coil, regulator, advance) stator and rotor need not be taken off. The same is true for soldering. Before touching electronics disconnect the soldering iron from mains! Never use copper putty on spark plugs. - Electronics are very sensitive to wrong polarity. After work on the system, do check correct polarity of the battery and the regulator. Wrong polarity creates short circuits and will destroy the regulator, the ignition coil and the advance unit. As a rule, wiring will always be colour to colour. Instances, where colour jumps between wires are expressly mentioned in our instructions. - When you handle the new rotor, take care not to damage its magnets. Refrain from direct blows to the circumference of the rotor. When transporting never put the rotor over the stator. Observe our information relative to transport of the material. - Do not use spark plug sockets with a resistance of more than 5kOhm. Better use 1 or 2kOhm ones. Bear in mind that spark plug sockets do age and thereby increase their internal resistance. Should an engine start up only when cold, a defective spark plug socket and/or spark plug is very probably the cause. In case of problems check high tension cables too. Never use carbon fibre HTcables, never use so called "hot wires" which promise to increase spark. - It is a good idea to cover the rotor in a thin layer of oil to reduce the risk of corrosion. - Never use a claw puller or a hammer to disengage the rotor. Its magnets might become loose in the event. We offer a special puller for disengaging the new rotor again (see assembly instruction)! - Should the motorcycle not be in use for some longer period, please disconnect the battery (so existing) to prevent current bleeding through the diodes of the regulator. Though, even a disconnected battery will empty itself after a while. - Please do observe these remarks, but at the same time, don't be afraid of the installation process. Remember, that before you, thousands of other customers have successfully installed the system. Enjoy driving your bike with its new electric heart!

